

LEGISLATURE TO ELECT JUDGES

Advocates of Popular Choice are Again Defeated.

UNIVERSITY PEOPLE WIN OUT

Institution Permanently Provided for, as is Also the Virginia Military Institute. Warm Debate Between Messrs. McIlwaine and Glass.

The convention yesterday completed the consideration of the section of the new Constitution relating to the judiciary, and referred it to the Committee on Final Revision and Adjustment.

A great fight was made to have the report of the convention so amended as to provide for the election of judges of the Supreme Court of Appeal, by the people, but it failed, though notice was given by Messrs. Keene and O'Flaherty and others that they would renew the fight when the Constitution comes up for final action.

The University people won a great victory in securing a provision for the appointment of money annually to that institution. The Virginia Military Institute got in by amendment, and there was much debate over the two propositions. The day was a stormy one in many respects.

THE DAY IN DETAIL.

The convention met at 10 o'clock with prayer by Dr. McIlwaine, eighty-one members being present.

Mr. Glass introduced his resolution relating to suffrage, which was ordered printed. One was also presented by Mr. Barbour and referred.

The report of the Judiciary Committee was taken up. It was a strong consideration of the motion to reconsider the vote by which the election of judges of the Supreme Court by the Legislature was adopted. The motion to postpone was rejected—yeas, 24; nays, 41, and the motion to reconsider prevailed—yeas, 41; nays, 28.

Mr. O'Flaherty moved to amend, by providing for the election of Supreme Court judges by the people.

Mr. Barbour raised the point of order that only the vote on section 5 had been reconsidered. The specific vote on the election of judges had been reconsidered. The President sustained the point of order.

A motion to reconsider that particular clause was then made and prevailed—yeas, 43; nays, 38.

The vote now came up on the motion in Committee of the Whole made by Mr. James W. Gordon, that judges of the Supreme Court be appointed by the Governor. The vote was 41 yeas and 38 nays.

The pending question was called and the amendment was rejected—yeas, 22; nays, 43.

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General Ayers called the previous question. The call was not sustained, two-thirds not voting for it. The pending question was called and the amendment was defeated.

AGAIN DEFEATED. Mr. Barbour again offered an amendment that the election be by the General Assembly, on nominations made by the Governor. The point of order was sustained. Mr. Barbour contended that there was a great deal of difference between appointing and nominating. President Goode decided that both were practically the same.

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FOUND AT LAST

IN MEMORY OF THOS. A. JONES, WHO DIED FROM INDIGESTION AND OTHER TROUBLES.

A FEW PACKAGES OF IRONAL TABLETS WOULD HAVE SAVED HIS LIFE BUT HE WOULD NOT BUY THEM.

SO HERE HE LIES.

TRIAL SIZE 25¢ LARGE SIZE 1.00

A true remedy—not a patented fake—ironal tablets cure any Stomach, Bowel or Liver trouble. Price \$1.00, or Trial Size 25¢; all druggists.

Read what the Medical Profession say of this great remedy: Dr. THOMAS S. MITCHELL, Hamilton, Ga., writes: "I have a very interesting case from an accumulation of Phlegm in a Paralyzed Throat. When the patient was fast sinking from oppression of phlegm, IRONAL relieved him promptly and saved his life, when old reliable remedies failed. It was a trial, but a great success."

W.M. P. BALLANCE, M.D., President National Electro-Medical Institute, New Haven, Conn., writes: "Am much pleased with the IRONAL. We used an admirable Tonic with faulty assimilation. We have used it with success as a General Appetizer, and for Anæmia of Women."

Dr. J. D. POPE, Monticello, Ark., speaking of IRONAL, says: "It is a most powerful remedy, and so far, I am justly impressed with its powers. It is just the remedy we have long wanted, especially for Indigestion."

Mr. Glass said the language was unparliamentary and unnecessary, that he had not used the word hostility and intended to say antagonism or competition. Mr. McIlwaine then declared in stern tones that this convention was to be dominated by this convention too much. (Great applause and uproar.) Striding across the aisle in front of the speaker's desk, Dr. McIlwaine was about to continue his remarks, when the point of order was made that he was not addressing the chair. He then, after declaring that he would never sit silent and allow such an unjust charge to go uncorrected, he took his seat amid great laughter and applause. Mr. Glass joining in it.

V. M. I. INSERTED. The amendment inserting V. M. I. was then adopted—yeas, 38; nays, 38. Amendments inserting the Polytechnic Institute and Farmville Normal were rejected.

On motion of Chairman McIlwaine the convention went into Committee of the Whole. Mr. Parks presiding, to consider the report on education.

Section 12, fixing appropriation to the University, was taken up. The pending motion to strike out the section was defeated. Yeas, 34; Nays, 43.

Mr. Hamilton, of the Board of Visitors of the Virginia Military Institute, offered an amendment providing a permanent appropriation for that institution. In support of the amendment, earnest speech in support of the amendment, declaring that the Virginia Military Institute had done and was doing as much for the credit of Virginia as any other institution in the State.

Mr. O'Flaherty advocated the amendment, declaring that the appropriation was to have a constitutional appropriation to all other State institutions should be included too.

Mr. Brown also defended the committee report. Attorney-General Anderson made an impassioned and eloquent argument in behalf of the Virginia Military Institute. He said that the institution had done more for general education in the State than the University. He thought the committee had made a mistake in making an unjust and invidious discrimination against the Virginia Military Institute by inserting the University alone. He by inserting the University alone. He by inserting the University alone.

Mr. Keene called for a vote on the amendment. He said that the amendment was to place all in the Constitution would be giving these institutions superiority over the Legislature. It would make them the masters of the State. He opposed the singling out of the University because he believed it ought to take "pot luck" with all the others.

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Judge Garrett made a vigorous speech in favor of V. M. I. He earnestly advocated that the judges of the Supreme Court be appointed by the Governor. He said that the University was alone provided for. It would carry bitterness and mortification to every old cadet in the State. He for one would never forgive it if he lived a hundred years. It would really mean the death knell of V. M. I. as a State institution.

FOR THE UNIVERSITY. Judge Green made a strong speech in defense of the work of the University. He called attention to the fact that it had to compete with other institutions that had millions of dollars in endowments. He said that the first-class citizen of Virginia, made so by the broad culture and splendid training imbued in a full course of University training, was worth five hundred common school teachers, showing children A. B. C.'s on a blackboard. He had voted with great reluctance to place the appropriation in the organic law, and would vote with equal pleasure for the Virginia Military Institute. This was a commercial age, and the glories of commerce had to be won by force, and the training given to boys at the Virginia Military Institute was invaluable to the very best quality of modern civilization. He called to the people to support the University. He called to the people to support the University.

Mr. Glass said the university occupied a position that did not affect or apply to the V. M. I. an other State educational institutions. The work which it was engaged in was actively antagonized by denominational colleges, and properly so, and this antagonism makes the university subject to forces and influences in the Legislature that did not apply to other State schools. He earnestly hoped that friends of V. M. I. would not consider this in any sense an antagonism to the work of that institution.

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